

Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha, Ltd.
CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES

Chapter I General Provisions

Solid corporate governance is essential for a company to fulfill its social responsibility, respond to the mandate bestowed by stakeholders and achieve sustainable growth.

Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha, Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as “the Company”) engages in initiatives to strengthen its framework of corporate governance and to develop and enhance systems for risk management, and continuously strives to increase its corporate value by acting in total accordance with our business ethics while building an organic and effective mechanism of governance, in conjunction with our achievement of increasingly robust earnings and a stronger financial standing.

Corporate governance shall be governed in accordance with the provisions of these Guidelines in addition to those of the Charter of Conduct for “K” Line Group Companies and the “K” Line Implementation Guideline for Charter of Conduct.

Chapter II Securing the Rights and Equal Treatment of Shareholders

In order to ensure that its shareholder rights will be fully secured, that the shareholders will be able to appropriately and effectively exercise their rights, and that the effective equal treatment of the shareholders will be secured, the Company shall implement the measures set forth in the following Articles:

(Securing the Rights of Shareholders)

Article 1

In order to ensure that the shareholder rights including their voting rights at its General Meeting of Shareholders (hereinafter referred to as a “General Meeting” or “General Meetings,” as the case may be) will be fully secured, the Company shall implement the measures set forth in the following items:

- (1) After the conclusion of each General Meeting, analyze the results of the exercise by the shareholders of their voting rights, strive to determine the reasons why a considerable number of votes have been cast against a proposal by the Company, and hold dialogue or otherwise deal with the shareholders as needed; and
- (2) If any of the shareholders requests inspection of the Register of the Shareholders, makes any injunctive demand, or otherwise seeks to exercise its/his/her rights as a

shareholder, give extra consideration to proceeding promptly with relevant internal procedures in order to ensure that said exercise, for all practical purposes, is not be impeded.

(General Meetings and Respect for Voting Rights)

Article 2

In order to ensure that any General Meeting will function as a venue for constructive dialogue with the shareholders, the Company shall:

- (1) provide accurate information to the shareholders as necessary in order to facilitate appropriate decision-making at the General Meetings;
- (2) dispatch Notices of the Ordinary General Meetings about three weeks in advance in order to allow the shareholders sufficient time to consider the agenda and properly exercise their voting rights and, prior to said dispatch, disclose said Notices by electronic means such as through TDnet and the Company's website;
- (3) consider perspectives for securing the accuracy of information to be provided to the shareholders and securing a suitable period of review of propositions for a General Meeting, and strive to the extent possible to convene a General Meeting on a day other than any day on which a large number of general meetings of shareholders may converge;
- (4) use the Electronic Voting Platform and the website for voting in addition to forwarding the postal mail for voting, and translate the entire Notices of the General Meetings into English, in order to enable all the shareholders including those who do not attend the General Meetings to exercise their voting rights in a proper manner; and
- (5) work with its securities transfer agent in order to prepare for cases where institutional investors who hold the Company's shares in street name express an interest in advance of the General Meeting in attending the General Meeting or exercising voting rights.

(Policy on Cross-Shareholdings)

Article 3

Shares of other companies held for the purpose of maintaining or reinforcing the Company's business relationships or business tie-up relationships (hereinafter referred to as "Cross-Shareholdings") shall be handled in the following manner:

- (1) The Board of Directors shall, from its independent and objective standpoint, verify the suitability of holding individual Cross-Shareholdings at least once annually by specifically scrutinizing the appropriateness of purposes of holding, benefits and risks associated with holding, economic rationale, and other factors, while considering capital costs, and disclose matters including the details of and approach to the verification; and

- (2) When exercising the voting rights as to the Cross-Shareholdings, the Company shall fully examine whether or not the relevant propositions would contribute to the enhancement of the Company's corporate value and the shareholders' common interests, hold dialogues with issuing entities as needed, and shall determine whether it would vote for or against the said propositions.

(Dealing with Cross-Shareholdings)

Article 3-2

With regard to companies that hold Cross-Shareholdings of the Company's shares (Cross-Shareholding Shareholders), the Company shall respond in the following manner:

- (1) In case of a Cross-Shareholding Shareholder expressing its intent to sell the Company's shares, the Company shall respect the intention of the said CrossShareholding Shareholder, and shall not take actions to prevent the said sale, etc.
- (2) In determining whether to execute or continue transactions with Cross Shareholding Shareholders, the Company shall continue the transactions upon verifying economic rationale, and shall not conduct transactions that hinder the interests of the Company or the common interests of its shareholders.

(Responses to Tender Offers)

Article 4

In case of a tender offer, because the shareholders' interests may be affected, the Board of Directors shall promptly frame its position and disclose such thoughts to the shareholders.

(Measures Related to Capital Policy Resulting in Change of Control in the Company, etc.)

Article 5

When executing any capital policy that results in the change of the Company's control or in significant dilution, including share offerings and other policies, the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall, in order not to unfairly harm the existing shareholders' interests, carefully examine the necessity and rationale of such capital policy. When conducting their examinations, the Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall ensure appropriate procedures including the hearing of opinions from the Independent Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members. The Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall strive to provide sufficient explanation, such as fully disclosing information such as the purpose of execution, etc. to the shareholders in a timely manner.

(Related Party Transactions)

Article 6

When engaging in transactions with any of its major shareholders (each holding 10% or

more of the voting rights) or its Officers, the Company shall refer the matter for decision by, and submit reports to, the Board of Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Regulations on Decision-Making Standards.

Chapter III Appropriate Cooperation with Stakeholders other than Shareholders

(Appropriate Cooperation with Stakeholders other than Shareholders)

Article 7

In order to achieve its sustainable growth and help enhance its corporate value further, the Company shall endeavor to appropriately hold dialogue and cooperate with various stakeholders including its employees, customers, business partners, creditors and local communities and to establish a corporate culture and climate where the rights and positions of such stakeholders are respected and sound business ethics are ensured.

Chapter IV Ensuring Appropriate Information Disclosure and Transparency

(Appropriate Information Disclosure)

Article 8

The Company shall appropriately disclose information in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, but should also strive to actively provide information beyond that required by law. This includes both financial information, such as financial standing and operating results, and non-financial information, such as business strategies and business issues, risk and governance, and information addressing issues related to sustainability. In carrying out such disclosure, the Company shall ensure that such information is clear and useful.

(Appropriate Audits)

Article 9

The Company, recognizing the responsibility that its External Accounting Auditor owes toward its shareholders and Investors, shall take the followings to secure the proper execution of audits:

- (1) The Audit & Supervisory Board shall (i) establish the “Criteria for Evaluation of External Accounting Auditor” for the selection of External Accounting Auditor candidates and evaluation of External Accounting Auditor and (ii) verify whether or not the External Accounting Auditor possesses necessary independence and

expertise under the Criteria;

- (2) The Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board shall (i) give adequate time for audits, (ii) ensure that the External Accounting Auditor will have opportunities of interviews with the President and CEO, and (iii) ensure that the External Accounting Auditor will have opportunities of interviews with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Internal Audit Office; and
- (3) If an External Accounting Auditor detects any misconduct and requests the Company to properly address the matter or indicates any inadequacies or concerns, the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall respond to said request or indication.

Chapter V Responsibilities of the Board of Directors

(Responsibilities of the Board of Directors)

Article 10

In order to help enhance the Company's corporate value and augment the shareholders' common interests over the medium- to long-term, the Board of Directors shall:

- (1) set strategic direction by examining and deciding upon matters relating to the Company's business policy and strategy including business principles, corporate vision and medium-term management plan;
- (2) conduct multifaceted and close examinations of, and decide upon, the matters specified in the preceding item as well as those matters specified in the items of the following Article which are prescribed to be decided upon by the Board of Directors, from an independent and objective standpoint in light of the Company's business policy and business strategy, and receive reports on those matters which are required to be reported to the Board of Directors;
- (3) conduct multifaceted and close examinations of proposals from the Executive Officers based on healthy entrepreneurship, from an independent and objective standpoint, in order to establish an environment that supports appropriate risktaking by the Directors and the Executive Officers, and support the timely and bold decision-making by the Directors and the Executive Officers when approved plans are implemented;
- (4) (i) oversee the execution by the Directors and the Executive Officers of their duties from an independent and objective standpoint, (ii) monitor the progress of the management plan and evaluate the status of achievement; (iii) analyze the causes if the management plan is not achieved and reflect such analysis on future plans; and (iv) disclose said causes of non-achievement and analysis to the shareholders;
- (5) develop and improve the risk management system and the corporate governance structure including the internal control system in order to ensure the rationale of the Company's decision-making process; and

- (6) secure its fiduciary accountability to the shareholders on the Company's management, and oversee the Directors in order to ensure that information will be disclosed in a timely and accurate manner.

(Matters for Decision by the Board of Directors)

Article 11

The matters that should be decided upon by the Board of Directors shall be as prescribed below. The Company shall cause the Board of Directors to make decisions on important business executions while entrusting the Executive Officers to make decisions on other operational matters pursuant to the provisions of the Regulations on Decision-Making Standards. The Board of Directors shall monitor the status of business execution by the Executive Officers.

- (1) Matters to be decided upon by the Board of Directors under laws and regulations;
- (2) Matters prescribed in Item 1 of the preceding Article, and a single-year budget;
- (3) Important internal rules including Regulations on Decision-Making Standards;
- (4) Response guidelines to deal with any serious law violation committed by the Company;
- (5) Matters relating to significant lawsuits; and
- (6) Significant matters comparable to any of the matters set forth above.

(Succession Planning)

Article 12

The Board of Directors shall cause the Nomination Advisory Committee to deliberate on the draft version formulated each fiscal year by the incumbent President and CEO for the plan for his/her successor, receive the results of said deliberation, and confirm the reasonableness of the draft version.

(Remunerations for Directors and Senior Management)

Article 13

1. The remunerations for the Executive Directors and the Executive Officers shall be appropriate, fair and balanced so as to reflect the Company's medium- to long-term business performance and the latent risks borne by said Executive Directors and Executive Officers and to further enhance their willingness and motivation to bring about the Company's sustainable growth and maximize its corporate value.
2. The remunerations for the Outside Directors shall reflect the amount of time devoted to the Company's business, and the responsibility borne by them, and shall not include business performance-linked factors.
3. The amount of remuneration for each individual Director shall be fair and adequate in consideration of the Company's business performance and in light of the levels of remuneration paid by other comparable companies.

4. The institutional design and level of the remunerations for the Directors and Executive Officers shall be deliberated on, resolved, and recommended to the Board of Directors by the Remuneration Advisory Committee pursuant to the policies prescribed in Paragraphs 1 and 2 above, and the relevant decisions shall be made by the Board of Directors.
5. The Company shall disclose the amounts of remunerations paid to its Directors pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations.

(Qualifications of Directors, Executive Officers and Audit and Supervisory Board Members)

Article 14

1. The Company shall appoint to its Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members individuals possessing such broad and deep experience and knowledge as to be able to contribute to the monitoring of business execution, superior in personal quality, and highly conscious of complying with laws and regulations and prescriptive social norms. Also, the Company shall appoint those with expertise in finance, accounting, and legal affairs as Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and of which at least one person shall possess appropriate expertise on corporate finance and accounting. In addition, the Independent Outside Directors set forth in Article 17 hereof shall be those persons who are capable of fulfilling their roles and responsibilities prescribed in Article 18 hereof.
2. The Company shall appoint to its Executive Officers individuals who are familiar with the shipping industry, who have abundant international sensibility and business acumen, who are highly esteemed inside and outside of the Company, who are capable of contributing to the implementation of the medium-term management plan as managers, and who are highly conscious of complying with laws and regulations and prescriptive social norms. When re-appointing the Executive Officers, the Company shall take into account the performance, etc. of the business units and departments of which they are in charge.
3. The Board of Directors shall consist of a variety of individuals including the aspects of gender, internationality, career and age such as those with experience in managing corporations and other large organizations and those with expertise in the operational, technical, financial and other aspects of the shipping industry. The Company shall give extra consideration to such diversity when selecting candidates for Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members. For the time being, the number of Directors shall range from eight (8) to ten (10), of whom more than one third shall be Independent Outside Directors.
4. In light of this Article, the Board of Directors shall select candidates for the Directors, Executive Officers and Audit & Supervisory Board Members subject to the Nomination Advisory Committee's fair, transparent and rigorous deliberations and recommendations, and shall select candidates for the Audit & Supervisory Board

Members subject to the consent of the Audit & Supervisory Board.

5. The Board of Directors shall decide upon the dismissal of any Executive Officer subject to the Nomination Advisory Committee's deliberations and recommendations.

(Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Audit & Supervisory Board)

Article 15

1. The Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board shall bear in mind their fiduciary responsibilities to the shareholders and make decisions from an independent and objective standpoint when executing their roles and responsibilities. Said Members and said Board shall positively and proactively exercise their authority and express their views properly at the Board of Directors and to the Company's management without interpreting the scope of their function too narrowly.
2. The Audit & Supervisory Board shall secure coordination with the Outside Directors so that such Directors can strengthen their capacity to collect information without having their independence jeopardized.

(Fiduciary Responsibilities)

Article 16

With due attention to their fiduciary responsibilities to shareholders, the Company's Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Executive Officers shall secure the appropriate cooperation with stakeholders and act in the interest of the Company and the common interests of its shareholders.

(Criteria for Independence of Outside Officers)

Article 17

1. The Board of Director shall separately prescribe the Criteria for Independence of Outside Officers. Those Outside Officers who conform to these Criteria shall be identified and referred to as Independent Outside Officers.
2. The Board of Directors shall endeavor to select the Independent Outside Officer candidates who can contribute to the Company's sustainable growth and increase of corporate value over the medium- to long-term and can be expected to contribute to frank, active and constructive discussions at the Board of Directors.

(Roles and Responsibilities of Independent Outside Directors)

Article 18

The roles and responsibilities of Independent Outside Directors shall be as prescribed below:

- (1) Provide advice on business policies and business improvement based on their knowledge and experience with the aim to promote sustainable corporate growth and increase its corporate value over the medium- to long-term;

- (2) Evaluate management's performances as needed and express views, as members of the Nomination Advisory Committee and the Remuneration Advisory Committee, on management nominations and remunerations;
- (3) Monitor the management through important decision-making at the Board of Directors;
- (4) Monitor conflicts of interest between the Company and its management or controlling shareholders, etc.; and
- (5) Appropriately represent the views of stakeholders at the Board of Directors from a standpoint independent of the management and controlling shareholders.

(Lead Independent Outside Director)

Article 19

1. The Outside Directors shall appoint a Lead Independent Outside Director from among themselves.
2. The Lead Independent Outside Director shall be responsible for communication with the management and for cooperation with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audit & Supervisory Board.

(Outside Officers Meetings)

Article 20

The Outside Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall endeavor to exchange information and develop a shared awareness among themselves by regularly convening Outside Officers Meetings.

(Nomination Advisory Committee and Remuneration Advisory Committee)

Article 21

1. The Company shall put and keep in place the Nomination Advisory Committee and the Remuneration Advisory Committee as advisory committees to the Board of Directors in the manner described below.
2. The Nomination Advisory Committee and the Remuneration Advisory Committee shall be comprised of all of the Outside Directors, the Director and Chairman, and the President and CEO. (The Outside Directors shall appoint the chairperson of each Committee from among themselves.)
3. In response to inquiries from the Board of Directors, the Nomination Advisory Committee shall deliberate on:
 - (1) Reasonableness of proposals for appointment or dismissal of the Company's Officers
 - (2) Succession planning for the President and Chief Executive Officer; and
 - (3) Any other matters inquired from the Board of Directors concerning appointment or dismissal of the Company's Officers.
4. In response to inquiries from the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Advisory

Committee shall deliberate on:

- (1) Institutional design of Officers' remunerations;
 - (2) Level of Officers' remuneration; and
 - (3) Any other matters inquired from the Board of Directors concerning Officers' remunerations.
5. Each set of rules on operation of the Nomination Advisory Committee and the Remuneration Advisory Committee shall be separately prescribed.

(Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Board of Directors)

Article 22

Each Director shall perform self-evaluation on the validity of the Board of Directors, his/her performance as a Director, etc. on an annual basis, and submit the results to the Board of Directors. Each year the Board of Directors shall, based on self-evaluation of each Director, analyze and evaluate the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole, and shall disclose a summary of the results in a timely and proper manner.

(Secretariat for the Board of Directors)

Article 23

In order to ensure that the Board of Directors will be a venue for free, open and constructive discussions, the Secretariat for the Board of Directors shall implement the following measures:

- (1) Strive to prepare materials for the meetings of the Board of Directors as early as possible, and shall have all of said materials available for inspection at the latest by two business days before the date for a meeting of the Board of Directors;
- (2) Ensure that the materials for the meetings of the Board of Directors contain sufficient information for the purpose of deliberations;
- (3) Offer explanations on each proposal to the Outside Directors in advance;
- (4) Set the frequency of the meetings of the Board of Directors appropriately, and secure a sufficient time for deliberations for each meeting; and
- (5) Inform the Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the schedule of the meetings of the Board of Directors for the current year prior to commencement of each fiscal year.

(Support System for Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members)

Article 24

1. At any time if they find it necessary or proper to do so, the Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members, including the Outside Officers, are entitled to request that the Inside Directors, the Executive Officers and the Employees offer explanations or reports or submit internal materials.
2. The Company shall put and keep in place the Secretariat for the Independent Outside

- Directors to which appropriate personnel and budget are allocated, as an organ separate from the Secretariat for the Audit & Supervisory Board, in order to ensure that the Independent Outside Directors may carry out their duties in a proper manner.
3. The Company shall put and keep in place the Secretariat for the Audit & Supervisory Board to which appropriate personnel and budget are allocated, in order to ensure that the Audit & Supervisory Board and the Audit Supervisory Board Members may carry out their duties in a proper manner.
 4. The Inside and Outside Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members may consider consulting with external specialists at the Company expense, where they deem it necessary.
 5. The Board of Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board shall confirm whether or not the information requested by each of the Directors and the Audit & Supervisory Board Members is provided smoothly.

(Internal Audit Group)

Article 25

1. Through monitoring and verifying the status of the internal control system, the Internal Audit Group plays a role in supporting the Board of Directors in carrying out its responsibilities for the development, maintenance and enhancement of the internal control system.
2. The Internal Audit Group shall ensure cooperation with the Board of Directors by submitting regular reports to the Board of Directors on a quarterly basis, and, as needed, submitting extraordinary reports.
3. The Audit & Supervisory Board shall endeavor to cooperate with the Internal Audit Group on a routine basis by such means as conducting on-site audits of the Company's subsidiaries, etc., in cooperation with the Internal Audit Group.

(Training for Directors)

Article 26

1. Within three months from their appointment, the Company's newly-appointed Directors shall participate in an outside seminar primarily addressing the issues of legal liability under the Companies Act, the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and other relevant acts at the Company's expenses. The Company shall provide the newly-appointed Directors with commentary books on directors' responsibilities.
2. Each year, the Company's Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall attend a training session on compliance matters including competition laws, insider trading regulations and anti-bribery.
3. When Outside Directors and Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members take office, the Company shall ensure they gain a full understanding of the Company's business, corporate finance, organizational status, business environments and management

issues by having its departments and Officers in charge offer explanations about such subjects.

4. In order to fulfill their roles, the Company's Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members including Outside Officers shall actively gather information at any and all times, and shall devote themselves to the studies of the Company's financial condition, status of compliance, corporate governance and other relevant matters.

Chapter VI Addressing Issues Related to Sustainability

The Group recognizes that proactively addressing issues related to sustainability, such as safe operations, environmental conservation, and human resource development, is an important management issue that not only reduces risk but also leads to profit opportunities, and we will positively and actively work to increase our corporate value over the medium to long term.

(Corporate Sustainability Management Committee)

Article 27

The Company shall establish the Corporate Sustainability Management Committee, chaired by the President and Chief Executive Officer, to deliberate and formulate a system for promoting the Company's sustainability management and to oversee subsidiary organizations.

(Safe Operation)

Article 28

The establishment and maintenance of safe operations is an enduring mission in the shipping business, and the Group is committed to "Providing reliable and excellent services" in its corporate philosophy and vision, and to contribute to society through safe operations, the Group will promote the three pillars of "Enhancing Safety Management system," "Strengthening Ship Management system," and "Strengthening the recruitment and fostering Maritime Technical Personnel."

(Environmental Conservation)

Article 29

1. The Group is aware that its business activities place a burden on the global environment, and has set forth its determination to minimize this burden in the "K" LINE Group Environmental Policy as well as to correctly recognize and comply with these environmental regulations.
2. Group companies have established and are operating environmental management systems (EMS) based on ISO 14001 in order to make continuous improvements to

identify and minimize the environmental impact of our business.

3. Guided by “K” LINE Environmental Vision 2050, a long-term environmental management vision, the Group is building and operating the “Drive Green Network,” a framework to promote environmental management for the entire Group.

(Human Resource Cultivation)

Article 30

The Company will promote the development of human resources through the efforts of both the Company and employees to develop human resources who can embody the “K” LINE spirit (the independence and autonomy, broad-mindedness, and enterprising spirit), which has supported our ambitions and value creation for a century, and the four values the “K” LINE Group prizes (providing reliable and excellent services, a fair way of business, relentless efforts to achieve innovation, and respecting humanity).

Chapter VII Purposeful Dialogue with Shareholders and other stakeholders

The Company shall endeavor to have a constructive dialogue with its shareholders and other stake holders (hereinafter as “shareholders, etc.”) and shall separately prescribe its policies concerning the measures and organizational structures aimed at promoting such dialogues.

(Contact Point for Dialogue with Shareholders)

Article 31

The Corporate Sustainability, Environment Management, IR and Communication Group shall be responsible for the Company’s dialogues and interviews with shareholders, etc. For the benefit of those shareholders who seek a constructive dialogue from a long-term perspective, said Group shall create opportunities for a dialogue at investor meetings, etc. as needed, and shall coordinate with personnel for attendance.

(Purposeful Dialogue with Shareholders)

Article 32

1. The Executive Officer in charge of the Company’s Corporate Sustainability, Environment Management, IR and Communication activities shall be responsible for overseeing dialogue with its shareholders ,etc and ensuring that a constructive dialogue takes place.
2. The Company shall put and keep into place the “Secretariat for Dialogue and Cooperation with Stakeholders” consisting of personnel from Corporate Sustainability, Environment Management, IR and Communication, Corporate Planning, General Affairs, Finance, Legal and Accounting departments, and shall ensure positive cooperation by

and among such departments with the aim of supporting a dialogue with its shareholders ,etc.

3. In addition to individual interviews, the Company shall organize participations in general investor meetings hosted by securities companies and IR activities leveraging the Company's website.
4. In order to appropriately and effectively relay shareholder or investor views and concerns learned through the dialogue to senior management, the personnel who have received such views and concerns shall report the details to the "Secretariat for Dialogue and Cooperation with Stakeholders," and said Secretariat shall compile them according to their respective importance as appropriate and report them collectively to the Board of Directors, etc.
5. On the occasions of holding dialogues with the shareholders, in order to prevent insider information from leaking, the departments and personnel in charge shall confirm the presence or otherwise of such insider information and remember not to make any reference thereto.

Chapter VIII Managing Corporate Pension Plan

(Managing Corporate Pension Plan)

Article 33

The Company shall take measures, including allocation of appropriate personnel, so that the Company's corporate pension plan (defined-benefit corporate pension plan) can appropriately fulfill the roles that are expected of as an asset owner, and disclose the details of those measures. In addition, the Company shall conduct appropriate management so that conflicts of interest do not arise between those enrolled in the corporate pension plan and the Company.

Constituted on 27th November 2015

Amended on 21st December 2018

1st April 2019

1st February 2020

1st April 2021

17th December 2021

28th April 2022

8th July 2022